



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1872.

**POLITICAL.**—Yesterday the Democratic and the Liberal Republican Conventions of Illinois met separately at Springfield. The former endorsed Greeley and the Cincinnati platform, and instructed its delegates to Baltimore to so vote. The Democratic Convention has nominated a State ticket, having at his head for Governor Gustav A. Kerner, and the Liberals accepted it. Both Convention then fraternized amidst great enthusiasm. The New Jersey Democratic Convention, in effect, said through the speech of Gov. Randolph, and by the resolutions of instructions to its delegates, that the party in the State will agree to the acceptance of Mr. Greeley by the National Convention. The Georgia Democrats showed entire willingness to coincide in whatever may be determined on at Baltimore. The Mississippi Democratic Convention passed resolutions in favor of Greeley. All this is highly favorable to a harmonious and united action on the nomination of Mr. Greeley.

A call has been made for a meeting in Baltimore, on the 5th of July, of Democrats opposed to Mr. Greeley. We believe that it will amount to nothing.

The opposition to Grant's nomination will be united, and we hope and believe that Greeley will be elected next President of the U. S.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says that Congress at the recent session made a liberal appropriation to close the Freedmen's Bureau on the 30th inst. The extraordinary amount required for this purpose, after millions of dollars have been appropriated, is said to be necessary for paying bounties to colored soldiers. The freedmen's hospital and asylum here is to be continued, however, under the direction of the War Department, which will also settle all bounty claims, pay prize money due, etc. Notwithstanding that the limits of the bureau have been restricted at almost every session of Congress, its expenses somehow or other have continued to be extravagant with every fiscal year, and now quite three hundred thousand dollars are necessary to put it out of existence.

At a late meeting of the Woodlawn Agricultural Society of Fairfax county, it was suggested that an important topic for consideration was to provide winter fodder for stock, to take the place of the almost entire failure of the grass crop. It was the unanimous opinion that corn, whether sowed or planted, was the sole dependence. Samuel Pulman, a member who has had successful experience in growing and curing sowed corn for fodder, made a statement of his mode of culture, which was, to have the ground well manured and thoroughly prepared, then sow in drills three feet apart, using two and one-half bushels of corn to the acre, cultivate until the corn gets too large. When the ears of corn are formed, and while the stock is in full vigor, cut it, and let it wilt for a day or two, then tie in small bundles, stand it upon end, let it cure thoroughly, then put several bunches together, binding them together in large stacks.

The Washington Chronicle says:—"Dispatches from England expressing the fears entertained there, that the Geneva Board will make an affirmative decision on the American claims for direct damages, are known in this city to be well founded. In fact, the Administration has, for some months past, been well satisfied that Mr. Staunell, the Swiss arbitrator, and president of the Conference, as well as Baron d'Itajuba, the Brazilian member, are strong believers in the justice of the claims. These gentlemen, with Mr. Adams, constitute a majority of the Board. Among the claims which are to be regarded as of direct character will probably be that for the equipment and maintenance of cruisers on our part."

Senator Thurman's address at the Commencement at the University of Virginia, delivered before the Literary Societies, last night, is published in full in the Washington Patriot. It was on "The Future of our Country; or, the Dangers likely to menace the existence of the Republic," and is a most able and eloquent production. We hope its lessons of wisdom, its salutary advice, and its patriotic sentiments, will sink deep into the hearts of those who heard it and those who read it. We hope to make some extracts from it hereafter.

Fifteen thousand people, exclusive of the chorus, attended the Boston Jubilee Concert yesterday. The programme was one of the best yet given. The grand ball was attended by at least 25,000 people. The English, German, and French bands performed the introductory music, the two and a half acres of floor from which the seats had been removed being literally packed with would-be promenaders. Gen. Grant and several members of the Cabinet, and the Austrian and Netherlands Ministers, were present.

The Commencement Exercises at the Harvard College, Mass., yesterday, were attended by a large audience. President Grant was present. President Grant, Governor Washburn, and Jas. Martineau, received the degree of LL. D. Enthusiasm was manifested as the names of President Grant and Gov. Washburn were called, the audience rising and cheering the President.

Mr. Ben Wade of Ohio, "comes forth," after a retirement of some time, (for him,) in the political arena—writing a letter in favor of Gen. Grant, and violently against Mr. Greeley. We do not believe his praise will recommend, or his abuse hurt, anybody.

It is expected that Mr. Groesbeck will not only decline the nomination tendered to him, but will support Mr. Greeley, as will, also, Mr. Geo. H. Pendleton.

The condition of affairs with regard to the labor movement in New York according to the New York papers, remains without material change. In many cases the employers seem to be entirely resolved not to open their shops until the men are ready to resume work on the old basis. Evidence of weakness on the part of some of the strikers are increasing.

A letter from Senator Carl Schurz was read at the Illinois Liberal Republican Convention, in which he expresses his wish for "the united action of all the elements of opposition to that system of policy which has now control of the Government and people of this Republic, and which, not inappropriately, has been called 'Grantism.'"

Large numbers of Delegates to the Virginia Conservative Convention arrived in Richmond yesterday. The representation will be general. The delegates seemed to be quite numerous in favor of Greeley. A large Greeley rally was held last night. The Convention meets to-day. Everything looks favorable for union and harmony.

The newspapers in Virginia are now devoting much of their space to accounts of the closing exercises of the colleges and schools in different portions of the Commonwealth. This is an evidence of the feeling in favor of education, which pervades our people. Never was more interest taken in the subject than there is now.

Nothing yet has been found out to show how the records of the Court Martial in the proceedings against Gen. Buel was abstracted, and what has become of it. There is certainly a "mystery," and probably considerable "rascality" about the affair.

David R. Atchison, once a prominent Western politician, and a Senator of the U. S. in the time of the Kansas difficulties, has emerged from the obscurity of retirement, and come out for Greeley. He says, his vote for Greeley will be his first vote since 1860.

Henry T. Kent, of Louisa county, has been presented by the Jefferson Society of the University of Virginia with the medal of the society as the best debater.

Ulman & Co.'s extensive distillery, known as the South Side distillery, near Baltimore, was burned yesterday. Loss in buildings, stock, machinery, &c., near \$100,000.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times"

One hundred thousand tons of Scranton coal were sold in New York yesterday, and the following prices realized: Lump, 10,000 tons at \$3.25 to \$3.32; steamboat, 10,000 tons at \$3.32 to \$3.37; grate, 17,000 tons at \$3.42 to \$3.50; egg, 17,000 tons at \$3.50 to \$3.57; 30,000 tons at \$3.92 to \$4; stove, 16,000 tons at \$3.52 to \$3.57.

The Secretary of War will leave Washington on Saturday evening for Madison, Wisconsin. Secretary Delano returned to Washington yesterday. These, with Attorney General Williams, are the only Cabinet officers in Washington. Secretary Boutwell is expected to resume his official duties this week.

Probably the largest and finest exhibition of cattle ever held in the United States will come off at Boston in September next, under the auspices of the Massachusetts Society for Promoting Agriculture.

After the calling of about a thousand men the jury in the trial of Stokes for the murder of Fish was completed yesterday, and the District Attorney opened the case for the prosecution.

The Northwestern Boundary Commission is now organizing, and one of its earliest duties will be to make an accurate survey of the "Lake of the Woods."

The Orangemen yesterday informed the New York Board of Police Commissioners that they will parade on the 12th of July, and permission was granted them to do so.

The trials of Tweed and others in New York will commence on the 10th of July, at which time a special term of the Supreme Court has been called.

Bismarck's movements against the Jesuits in Germany will doubtless be prosecuted. The bill expelling them from the Empire has become law.

**ORIGIN OF THE GRAY UNIFORM.**—Our First Regiment looked so neat and handsome, marched so orderly, and the men bore themselves so like true soldiers, as they passed by our office last Thursday, escorting the remains of the gallant dead of Gettysburg, many of whom had been their comrades in arms, that we really thought Richmond ought to be very proud of so splendid a body of soldiery. Looking at them, we were reminded of the origin of the gray uniform as created by Benson J. Lossie, in Scribner's last monthly.

In the course of a conversation with the late General Scott in the library of the Military Academy at West Point, in the summer of 1862, the veteran gave to the writer the following account of the origin of "Cadet gray," as the cloth worn by the cadets is called: "While stationed at Buffalo in the summer of 1814, Gen. Scott wrote to the Quartermaster for a supply of new clothing for the regulars. Word soon came back by the blue cloth, such as was used in the army, could not be obtained, owing to the stringency of the blockade and the want of the lack of manufactures in the country, but that there was a sufficient quantity of gray cloth (now known as 'Cadet gray') in Philadelphia. Scott ordered it to be made up for his soldiers, and in these new gray suits they marched down the Niagara river, on the Canada side, in the direction of Chippewa. It was just before the battle known by that name, which occurred early in July. General Riall, the British commander, looked upon them with contempt when preparing for battle on the morning of the 5th, for the Marquis of Tweeddale, who, with the British advance, had skirmished with them all the day before, had reported that they were only 'Buffalo militia,' and accounted for their fighting so well and driving him to his entrenchments north of the Chippewa river by the fact that it was the anniversary of American Independence that stimulated them. On account of the victory won at Chippewa on that day, chiefly by these soldiers in gray, and in honor of Scott and his troops, that style of cloth was adopted at the Military Academy at West Point as the uniform of the cadets."

Miss Nilsson.—Miss Nilsson writes that she is to be married to M. Auguste Rouzard, in London, the last week in July. M. Rouzard is a French gentleman, about thirty-six years of age, and is a stock broker, now residing in Paris. Miss Nilsson first met M. Rouzard in the city of Paris when she went to that city some seven years since to begin her brilliant career as the "Queen of Song." Since that time they have been devotedly attached to each other. During Miss Nilsson's tour in America M. Rouzard made a brief visit to this country, at which time Miss Nilsson gave him the promise of her hand and heart.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Loudoun Mirror says:—"Last week the wheat harvest in this county was pretty generally commenced, and in all quarters the crop spoken of as promising much better than was generally supposed, while the quality of the grain is pronounced very fine. The yield, however, is by no means a large one, though we hear of some fields that it is thought will produce from 20 to 25 bushels to the acre."

The Richmond News says:—"The James river is lower at this particular time than it has been at this season of the year before in the memory of any man now living. In many places in the falls, the stream can be crossed almost by stepping from rock to rock. The water now in the river coming mostly as it does from springs, is as clear and limpid as water can be."

W. H. Marshall purser of the James river steamboat Eliza Hancock, indicted for embezzling the company's funds, was found guilty in the Hustings Court of Richmond, Monday.—Term of confinement in the penitentiary fixed at three years. Application for a new trial was made. This is now usual in all criminal trials where the prisoner is found guilty.

The Fredericksburg Herald says:—"We regret to hear of the death, last week, of Mr. Henry Holladay, of Spotsylvania, a twin brother of the Hon. A. R. Holladay, of Richmond, and one of the county's most upright and esteemed citizens."

The Fourth of July is to be celebrated at Guilford, on the W. & O. Railroad. Speeches, music, refreshments and dancing make up the bill of attractions.

There have been recently some fine rains in Loudoun county.

**NARROW GAUGE RAILWAY.**—The narrow gauge in railways is steadily advancing in popular favor. Notwithstanding the opposition of many eminent engineers, there is no doubt that for a limited traffic it can be constructed with much less expense than the broad gauge. A recent issue of the St. Louis Democrat gives an interesting account of a road, with a gauge of three feet, which is now building from that city to Cairo. When completed it will have a length of 147 miles, and be equipped with 26 locomotives and 1,500 cars. This road begins at East St. Louis and proceeds down along the river bank to a point opposite Carondelet; then turning southward, it pursues its way to Cairo, passing directly through the Big Muddy coal region. One of the designs of this road is to supply coal cheap to the Carondelet iron furnaces, hence the heavy equipment of rolling stock. Work is actively going forward on this line. One hundred miles of the grading will be finished by the 1st of July next. The track for the whole road is nearly ready.—The iron is purchased and the money all in hand to pay for it. A large portion of it is now en route to this city, and will soon arrive. Upon all of the heavy grades steel rails will be used, and the balance of the iron will be forty-five pounds to the yard. Broad-gauge rails weigh sixty-five pounds to the yard. Although the equipment of this road is unusually large for so short a line, and though the country built over is a very rough and hilly one for most of the way, the cost will probably fall within \$15,000 per mile.

**TRAPEZE.**—[From the Indianapolis Sentinel.] J. E. Warner of the great Pacific Combination is the restless and enterprising manager of some thirty-eight Summings, who modestly hides behind a big diamond breastpin, and is not satisfied with being the biggest elephant and the only two-headed rhinoceros on this continent, with thirty cages of wild beasts, a museum and splendid circus, exhibited under ten different pavilions, but is dying to give the people more of the good thing for fifty cents. Warner has actually persuaded a young and beautiful Spanish girl, named Leona Dare, who does marvellous feats upon the trapeze in the circus to make balloon ascensions. The trial trip was made on Thursday morning, at a point about nine miles southeast of our city. The balloon was inflated and at a quarter to 8 was out loose, and the fine formed Leona, in circus clothes, dangling downward from the trapeze bar, holding in her teeth a strap which encircled the waist of Tommy Hall, her companion for her voyage in the air, left terra firma. Everything was still as death, and it was observed that Hall weakened a little, but the plucky "Queen of Antilles," Leona, was perfectly cool. Just as soon as she left the earth, Leona commenced spinning Hall around until it made us giddy. After this performance, and about three hundred feet in the air, they commenced their hifalutin performance, and known in show language as the double trapeze, and almost everybody who has attended the circus can imagine much better than we can describe their various evolutions and gyrations. They performed all of the difficult and hazardous feats at an altitude of a half mile, with the same reckless daring that characterizes their performances under the pavilion, where, if they were to tumble, their fall would not exceed thirty feet. Up, up, they went, until they were scarcely larger than our hands, and when we looked at them through a glass provided for the occasion we breathed free and felt a relief to see that they had climbed upon their trapeze bar and were apparently enjoying a tete-tete while resting from their grand and perilous exercises. The balloon descended very rapidly and landed about a half mile from the starting point in an open field, and our party rode up in time to witness their alighting.—Hall was silent and sober, while Leona laughingly said to Warner, "How was that for high?"

**UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA STUDENTS.**—The following named students of this year's class have been elected professors in annexed institutions of learning: James D. Coleman, of Caroline county, Va., Professor of Greek at the Miami University of Ohio, in place of A. D. Coleman, killed at Antietam; Addison Hoge, of Richmond, Va., son of Dr. Hoge, Professor of Greek at Hampden Sidney College, Va.; Thomas M. Jordan, of Newberne, Va., Professor of Greek at Wesleyan University, Boston county, Kentucky; Frank P. Dunnington, of Baltimore, Md., Assistant Professor of Chemistry at University of Virginia, by appointment at the death of Professor Mauphin; Wm. M. Shorton, of Prince Edward county, Va., Assistant Professor of Mathematics at the University (he was proposed for the chair of Greek in two other colleges but declined both); Goettano Lanza, University of Virginia, student of last session, appointed Assistant Professor of Mathematics in the School of Technology, Boston, Massachusetts.

**A FREDERICK COUNTY BARON.**—It now seems that we are to furnish Germany with an old and highly respected Frederick county, Md., family, who traced their descent back to a noble German ancestor, saw or heard incidentally recently that the last baron of his name was dead and heirs were wanted. He proceeded to Germany with his family papers and documents, and was acknowledged and received warmly by his relatives. But the best of the story is that the Von Zollicoffers are nearly allied to the Hohenzollerns; that the "American baron" was received as a kinsman by Kaiser Wilhelm, and, with his castle and lands, he has an income of fifty thousand dollars a year.—*Md. Sunday Telegram.*

Three inheritors of titles and representatives of noble English families reside near Washington, and content themselves with the simple style of American citizens. They are Calvert Dundas, and Fairfax.—*Washington Patriot.*

More than three hundred Mormons sailed from Liverpool yesterday en route for Utah.

**DREADFUL STORY OF A DIAMOND RING.**—Among the victims of the recent railroad smash-up at Metuchen, N. J., was a Danish couple named Potassen but two months married. Mr. Potassen being the son of a Danish nobleman. They were on their bridal tour, and were en route to San Francisco, where Potassen's brother is Danish consul. When the terrible crash came all was darkness and confusion for a few moments, but the gentleman soon recovered consciousness, and his first thought was of his bride. An immediate search was made for the lady, who was at last found beneath a heap of debris, senseless and covered with blood. Upon raising her up her husband was horrified to find that one of her arms had been completely torn off. The unfortunate lady was removed to shelter, and the husband began the sickening task of seeking his wife's missing arm. He proclaimed that upon one of the fingers was the diamond wedding ring, a jewel worth many hundred dollars, and instantly a general search was begun. Among the provokers about the wreck was a train band, who was observed to have something under his coat, and walk away. He was soon overhauled, and on perceiving that he had been detected he threw down his burden, which proved to be the lost arm. It was picked up by the nobleman, who removed the ring and caused the arm to be taken care of. The lady was brought to St. Barnabas Hospital, in Newark, where she now lies in a fair way of recovery.

**CHIGNONS.**—Rev. R. N. Sledd, of Lynchburg, preached Sunday night at Market Street M. E. Church, on the text from Mark, XIV chapter, 9th verse: "Verily I say unto you, whosoever this Gospel shall be preached throughout the world, this also that he shall have done shall be spoken of for a memorial unto him." In the course of his remarks Mr. Sledd took occasion to say that Mary's main glory was her hair. It was not her chief personal adornment. It was not bought; he said, from the heads from which poverty forced the real owners to sever it; nor from the scalps of the dead; nor from the tresses of the mermaids. It was not tortured and twisted into a thousand absurdities of vanity. It was given her by God, and was the chief adornment of her head and person. The speaker made other allusions which seemed to bear with just severity on the foolish and hideous modern mode of chignons and switches.—*Lynchburg News.*

**THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.**—The Adams Express, begun in 1840, made no money until their California express was established, under charge of Mr. D. H. Haskell, in September, 1849, after which it gained largely by carrying the immense remittances of the miners. Its chief wealth, however, accrued from its enormous transactions during the war. The following totals from the Company's books, January 1, 1872, show as well as figures can the present magnitude of the Adams Express Company's business:

Number of men employed	3,598
" horses	839
" wagons	633
" safes	1,236
" miles travelled daily	55,201
" " yearly	16,118,255

A St. Louis letter says:—"There are more pawnbrokers to the square in St. Louis than in any other city in the world. The three golden balls count you at every turn. Leaving out of a window in the Democrat office I counted eight pawn shops within half a square. St. Louis is partially built on a foundation of collateral. It is the best place to get broke at in the world. Everybody who comes here 'with no particular business' winds up by getting broke, writing home for a remittance, borrowing from a friend, or shoving something up mine uncle's spout. Youths who start out in the world to make their eternal fortune all come to St. Louis to make their eternal fortunes, and mine uncle fattens on their misfortunes at the far bank. The city is jammed with unredeemed pledges of every description."

Judge McClun, one of those who disgrace the New York judiciary, is now on trial, and as he finds no other way of escape, his counsel advise him to withdraw the case on the ground that the Court has no jurisdiction, and permit it to go against him by default.

**COMMUNICATED.**  
**THE PARK.**—"Virginia," in his letter from Boston of the 21st instant, gives form to a happy thought by his suggestions in relation to a public park in our old town. It is surprising that the idea has not been presented long ago; or, if presented, that some plan has not been devised having in view a practical development of the same. The arguments presented by the said correspondent are based upon sound principles, especially so as the sanitary effects which result from the introduction of a large portion of the low designated from an unsightly and deleterious marsh to a beautiful and healthy resort, which can be done by our efficient artisans with the aid of a comparatively small amount of funds, provided that the suggestion is adopted. The mode of furnishing the land for the park has long been regarded with favor by the subscriber. It is done elsewhere—why not here?

We can have a park to which we can point with satisfaction and a pardonable degree of pride if we exercise a fair degree of energy and skill. Let us have one. Who will immortalize himself by inaugurating a scheme which shall secure the object desired. Such an one will have the plaudits of an appreciating community, and the hearty co-operation of an

**ADOPTED VIRGINIAN.**

**COMMUNICATED.**  
The suggestion made by a correspondent of the Gazette in a letter from Boston concerning a park at the southern extremity of the city, calls to mind that during the late war, or immediately afterwards, when it was expected by many that the Battery Rodgers would be occupied permanently, a plan was proposed by the military authorities for the purchase by the government of the property bounded by Franklin, Union and Fairfax streets, to be used as a parade ground, &c., the whole to be handsomely enclosed with gates at the several streets, and for the use of the citizens, subject to the control of the military commander at the Battery. This plan was favorably received at the time. It is certain that the marsh could be drained and planted with trees and shrubs, and the grounds converted into one of the most beautiful parks in the United States.

**DIED.**  
In Hamilton, Loudoun county, on Saturday morning, June 22, 1872, Mrs. MALINDA DOWELL, widow of the late Conrad R. Dowell, in the 67th year of her age.

**HOOMES, ASHBY & CO.**  
Have this day added to their stock of DRY GOODS, consisting in part of Prints, Percales, Piques, Lawns, Grenadines, Nainsooks, Muslin, and Lace Linens, &c., &c., &c. We have a beautiful stock of DRESS GOODS, and offer inducements in this line.

**CHAMOIS SKINS, Saws, Purgative, Pellets, Hedyosmia Water, Aromatic Denifrice, Extract Jamaica Ginger, Helmbold's Grape Pills, Warner's Pills of Iodoform and Iron, and Tarrant's Aperient, just received and for sale by**

**E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO.**  
Has opened—  
Beautiful Prints, Percales, Piques, Linen for suits (very cheap), Victoria Lawns, Swiss Muslin, Allendale Quilts (great bargains), Bleached Muslins, different makes, &c., all of which are selling at reduced prices.

**WOOD & SON'S CONDENSED SODA WATER,** of various flavors. This is a very convenient article. One box will make fifty glasses of Soda Water. Price 10¢.

## CITY COUNCIL.

## OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

## Board of Aldermen.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen, held June 26th, 1872, there were present: Geo. H. Simpson, esq., President, and Messrs. French, Corse, Janney and Underwood. The salary bill was taken up, read the second time and laid on the table.

The revenue bill was then taken up, read the third time, the 26th rule suspended and passed. The salary bill was taken up, read the third time, the 26th rule suspended and passed. The following resolutions, offered by Mr. Underwood, were adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Board of Aldermen be unanimously tendered to Geo. H. Simpson, esq., President of our body, for the ability, impartiality and Christian courtesy with which he has uniformly discharged his official duties during the year now closing.

Resolved, also, That Mr. Jamieson, our Clerk, and Mr. Roby, our Messenger, have always shown a kindness and promptness in their relations to us, which merits our most hearty and grateful commendation, and in the separation which this last adjournment of our body causes we wish for each one of our officers a future of happiness and prosperity.

The Board then adjourned sine die.

Teste: JOHN M. JOHNSON, Clerk pro tem.

## Common Council.

At a called meeting of the Common Council, held June 26, 1872, there were present: Geo. H. Shinn, esq., President, and Messrs. Neale, Hopkins, Green, Stuart, Rishell, Henderson, Smith, Claggett, Evans and Hughes.

The President called Mr. Stuart to the chair, and at his call for raising a revenue for the next fiscal year, commencing July 1st, 1872, and ending June 30th, 1873, and an act fixing the salaries of Corporation officers, passed by the Board of Aldermen, having been received from that Board, moved that they be laid upon the table, and that the Board adjourn until the 28th instant, and his motion being put and carried, the Board adjourned.

Teste: HAROLD SNOWDEN, Ckr.

## Cool Lager Beer.

The coolest glass of LAGER will be found at JACOB BOHRBAUS' Lager Beer Saloon, on Market alley, adjoining E. C. Atwell's Ice Dep. at je 20—1m

## Great Bargains.

—IN—  
SUMMER CASSIMERE AND LINEN SUITS,  
—AT—  
SAREPTA CLOTHING HALL,  
89 King street.

Russia Duck Suits, Great Bargains.  
White Linen Suits, Great Bargains.  
Linen Striped Suits, Great Bargains.  
New Orleans Check Suits, Great Bargains.  
Alpaca Coats, Great Bargains.  
Japanese Coats, Great Bargains.  
Drap d'ete Coats, Great Bargains.  
Silk Lustre Coats, Great Bargains.

An immense variety of Summer Cassimere Suits to be closed out very cheap at Sarepta Clothing Hall. I. SCHWARTZ & Co., 89 King street, je 22

## Refreshing Drinks.

For a fine refreshing drink, call at M. RUBE'S, No. 8 North Fairfax street, where, owing to the large quantity sold, you will find constantly R. Porter's and Philadelphia Lager Beer of the right temperature, and all other kinds of the best cool and refreshing beverages to be found anywhere. my 1-2m

## COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, June 27.—Receipts of Wheat continue light on 'Change; offerings to day of 66 bushels red, with sales of inferior at 150. Corn is steady at 82; offerings to-day of 20 bushels white. Oats are dull and lower; offerings of 700 bushels, with sales at 65. Rye is nominal.

**PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JUNE 27.**  
Sun rose..... 4.36 | Moon rises.....morn  
Sun set..... 7.29 | Moon sets.....morn

**ARRIVED.**  
Steamer Express, Nickle, Baltimore, to Jos Brothers & Co.  
Steamer Wawaset, Fowkes, Cone river, to Potomac Ferry Co.  
Schr's Chas E Morrison, Mattie A Franklin and Five sisters, to J. P. A. grow.  
Schr's Montana and C E Morrison, Boston, to B. H. Lambert.  
Schr Mattie D Franklin, Boston, to Wm A Smoot.

**SAILED.**  
Steamer Lady of the Lake, Norfolk, by F A R. Sch.  
Schr Belle Crowell, Boston, by American Coal Co.  
Schr Bee, Philadelphia, by W A Smoot.

**MEMORANDA.**  
Brig Florence, Rathbone, hence, at Providence 24th.  
Schr J M Fitzpatrick, Smith, for this port, cleared at Portland 24th.  
Schr M W Hupper, Wilbur, for New Haven hence, at New York 25th.  
Schr Wm Allen, Grant; W W Pharo, Disoway, and E R Kirk, Bennett, hence, at New York 25th.  
Schr John T Manson, for this port, sailed from New London 22d.  
Schr Mary D Haskell, Haskell, for B stone hence, at Vineyard Haven 23d.

## CANAL COMMERCE.

**ARRIVALS.**  
Boats Geo Snyder and H W Shuck, to Maryland and Coal Co; boats Chas Robb, C Clifton, E Stevenson, Eagle and Henry Reed, to American Coal Co; boat O D Robbins, to New Central Coal Co; boats H M Snyder, to Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Co.

**DEPARTURES.**  
Boats F Swain, A J Clark, T J Baker, J A Alexander, Ida & Willy, George Snyder and Morning Sun, for Cumberland.

**MAYOR'S OFFICE.**  
Geo. H. Markell, Henry L. Simpson, M. D. Corse and J. C. Underwood, members of the next City Council, and the members elect of the new City Council, viz: L. L. Loving, James S. French, J. B. Johnson and John A. Seaton, of the Board of Aldermen; Geo. H. Shinn, Wm. W. Moore, Isaac Eichberg, Jos. Hopkins, James Green, John A. Field, Thomas V. Rishell, Charles Mankin, Robert Porter, John S. Beach, Wm. F. Henderson, Edward Hughes, T. B. Pinn, Paul R. Evans and Wm. Claggett, of the Common Council, will please assemble in the chamber of their respective Boards on MONDAY, July 1st, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of organizing, and installing William N. Berkeley, esq., as Mayor of this city for the ensuing year.

HUGH LATHAM, Mayor.  
je 27-3t

**MOSQUITO NET.**  
SEAMLESS MOSQUITO NETTING.  
The latest and best improved Canopy Fixtures, suitable for the largest sized bedstead.

J. P. CLARKE, 158 King street.  
je 27

**FOR RENT—The WAREHOUSE** on the southwest corner of King and Water sts. Apply to [je 27-3t] A. HERBERT.

## FINANCIAL.

## INVEST YOUR MONEY

## IN THE

## NEW 7-30 GOLD LOAN

## OF THE

## Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

## SALES FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY,

## \$1,513,400.

## FOR SALE AT THE

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

## ALEXANDRIA, VA.

## CHAS. R. HOFF,

## CASHIER.

## feb 1—6m

## JOHN W. BURKE, ARTHUR HERBERT

## BANKERS.

## OFFICE COR. KING &amp; FAIRFAX STS.,

## ALEXANDRIA, VA.,

## BUY AND SELL

## UNCURRENT MONEY.

## GOLD AND SILVER COIN,

## AND EXCHANGE

## Bonds and Stocks bought and sold on commission.

## Loans negotiated, Sight Drafts, Checks and Time Bills collected on all accessible points and remitted for promptly.

## U. S. Revenue Stamps and Corporation Tax Certificates of Alexandria always on hand and sold for sale.

## nov 11—1t

## W. D. CORSE, M. D. CORSE, J. D. CORSE